



CASE STUDY

TEXAS A&M TESTING

Timber Pile Rehabilitation



Bending test setup & actuator for the SeaShield Series 400.



Completed bending test – all piles doubled in strength compared to the original unprotected piles.



Compressive test setup.

Project Data

Location	Texas A&M University
Project Type	Test Program for Rehabilitation of Deteriorated Timber Piles Using the SeaShield Series 400 System
SeaShield™ Series 400 System Includes	SeaShield Fiber Form Jackets, SeaShield 510 UW Grout and C-GRID® 450 Carbon Fiber Grid

2008 Timber Piles Tested in Bending

Test Setup: Six each 8" diameter x 16' long timber piles were tested in bending using a four point bending setup. To simulate deterioration, five of the piles had an hourglass-shaped cut into them at mid-span. One specimen was left undamaged which was used as a baseline control specimen.

Results: The results of the six pile bending tests proved that all repaired piles exceeded the bending strength of the baseline pile by at least double the maximum load achieved by the baseline pile.

2014 Timber Piles Tested in Compression

Test Setup: Four each 8" diameter x 20" long timber piles with a fiberglass reinforced jackets, grout and carbon fiber grid. One specimen was a plain timber pile with no repairs and used as a baseline control pile. The objective was to evaluate the behavior of the repairs and quantify the additional compressive strength from the repairs vs. the baseline control specimen.

Results: The compressive failure loads of all four pile specimens were significantly higher compared to the baseline control specimen. The average increase in the axial compressive strength was approximately 240%. All specimens withstood 3 to 4 times the failure load of the baseline control specimen.

Please contact Denso for a copy of the complete Texas A&M Independent Test Report.

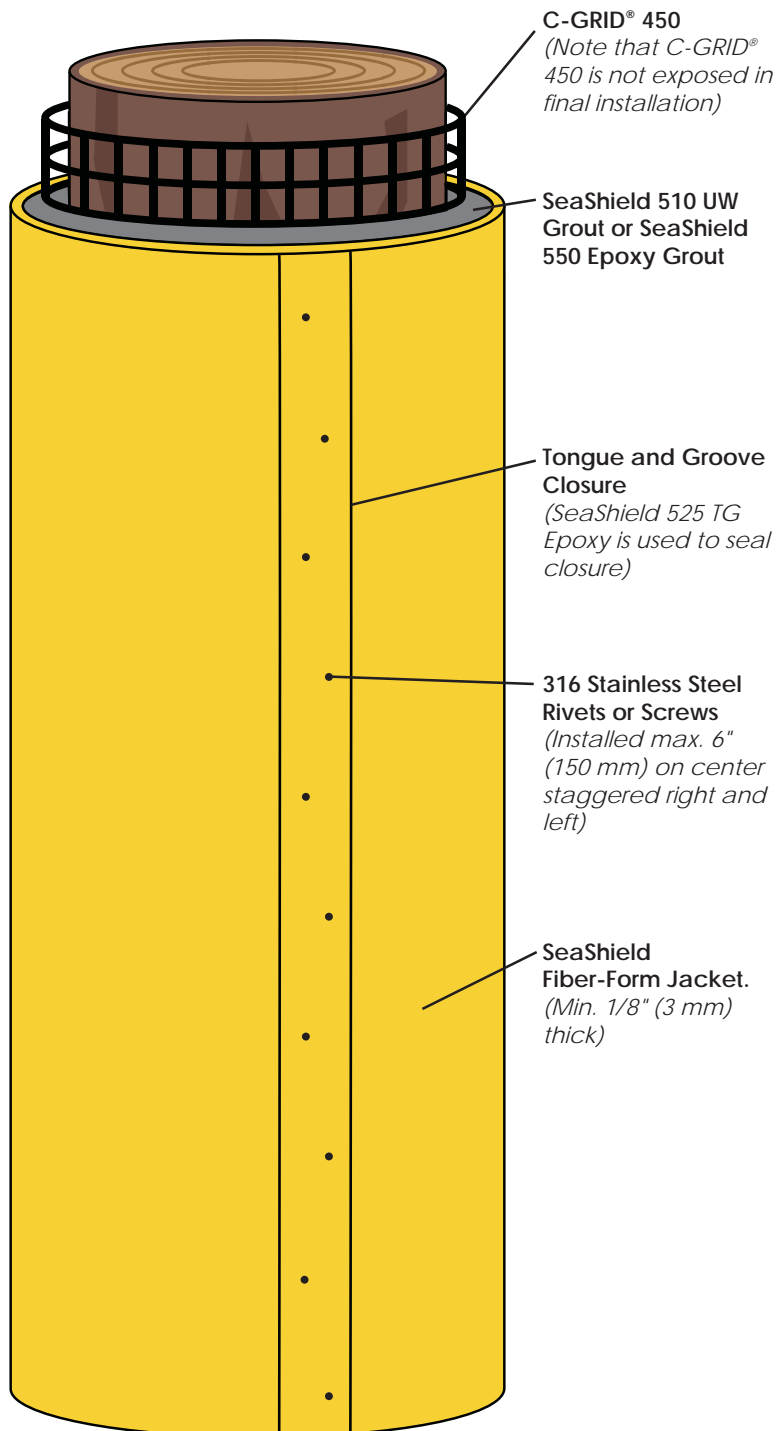
All Testing & Results by: Peter B. Keating, Ph.D. Director of Structural and Materials Testing Lab – Texas A&M University – College Station, TX.

Date Published: May 2017

SeaShield Series 400

Structural repair system that doubles the strength of the original timber pile

A revolutionary encapsulation system that not only protects timber piles from aggressive saltwater environments and marine borers, but also strengthens deteriorated piles with a durable, lightweight and non-corrosive reinforcement.



All specimens withstood 3 to 4 times the failure load of the baseline control specimen.



Simulated timber pile hourglass deterioration prior to having the SeaShield Series 400 System installed.



SeaShield Series 400 System at least doubles the maximum load than an undamaged, unprotected timber pile.



Timber piles installed with the SeaShield Series 400 System were able to withstand a maximum compressive pressure up to 466.6 kips.